Open die steel forgings for general engineering purposes —

Part 3: Alloy special steels

National foreword

This British Standard is the official English language version of EN 10250-3:1999. This British Standard supersedes BS 4670:1971 which is withdrawn.

The UK participation in its preparation was entrusted to Technical Committee ISE/31, Wrought steels, which has the responsibility to:

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- present to the responsible European committee any enquiries on the interpretation, or proposals for change, and keep the UK interests informed;
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Summary of pages

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Foreword

This European Standard has been prepared by Technical Committee ECISS/TC 28, Steel forgings, the Secretariat of which is held by BSI.

This European Standard shall be given the status of a national standard, either by publication of an identical text or by endorsement, at the latest by April 2000, and conflicting national standards shall be withdrawn at the latest by April 2000.

This European Standard has been prepared under a mandate given to CEN by the European Commission and the European Free Trade Association. This European Standard is considered to be a supporting standard to those application and product standards which in themselves support an essential safety requirement of a New Approach Directive and which make reference to this European Standard.

The titles of the other parts of this European Standard are:

Part 1: General requirements

Part 2: Non-alloy quality and special steels

Part 4: Stainless steels

According to the CEN/CENELEC Internal Regulations, the national standards organizations of the following countries are bound to implement this European Standard: Austria, Belgium, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

1 Scope

This part of this European Standard specifies the technical delivery requirements for open die forgings, forged bars and products pre-forged and finished in ring rolling mills, manufactured from alloy special steel and supplied in the quenched and tempered condition.

NOTE: The majority of steels listed in this part of EN 10250 are identical to steels specified in EN 10083-1 and more extensive information on hardenability and technological properties is given in that European Standard.

General information on technical delivery conditions is given in EN 10021.

2 Normative references

This part of EN 10250 incorporates by dated or undated reference, provisions from other publications. These normative references are cited at the appropriate places in the text and the publications are listed hereafter. For dated references, subsequent amendments to, or revisions of, any of these publications apply to this European Standard only when incorporated in it by amendment or revision. For undated references the latest edition of the publication referred to applies.

EN 10021 General technical delivery requirements for iron and steel products

EN 10083-1 Quenched and tempered steels – Part 1: Technical delivery conditions for special steels

EN 10250-1 Open die steel forgings for general engineering purposes – Part 1: General requirements

3 Chemical composition

3.1 Cast analysis

The chemical composition of the steel shall be determined by cast analysis and shall conform to the analysis given in Table 1 (see A.7 and A.8, of EN 10250-1).

Measures should be taken to prevent the addition from the scrap, or other material used in the manufacture of the steels, of such elements which affect the hardenability, mechanical properties and applicability of the steel.

3.2 Product analysis

The product analysis shall not deviate from the specified cast analysis (see Table 1) by more than the values specified in Table 2 (see 9.2 of EN 10250-1).

4 Heat treatment

Heat treatment details are not given in Table A1 for guidance.

5 Mechanical properties

The mechanical properties determined on test pieces selected, prepared and tested in accordance with clauses 11 and 12 of EN 10250-1 shall conform to the property requirements given in Table 3.

Table 1: Steel grades and chemical composition¹⁾

Steel designation		C	Si	Mn	Ь	S	Cr	Мо	ïZ	>
					max	max				
Name	Number	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
38Cr2	1.7003	0,35 to 0,42	≥ 0,40	0,50 to 0,80	0,035	0,035	0,40 to 0,60	•	•	
46Cr2	1.7006	0,42 to 0,50	≥ 0,40	0,50 to 0,80	0,035	0,035	0,40 to 0,60	-		
34Cr4	1.7033	0,30 to 0,37	≥ 0,40	0,60 to 0,90	0,035	0,035	0,90 to 1,20			
37Cr4	1.7034	0,34 to 0,41	≥ 0,40	0,60 to 0,90	0,035	0,035	0,90 to 1,20	-		1
41Cr4	1.7035	0,38 to 0,45	≤ 0,40	0,60 to 0,90	0,035	0,035	0,90 to 1,20	-		
25CrMo4	1.7218	0,22 to 0,29	≤ 0,40	0,60 to 0,90	0,035	0,035	0,90 to 1,20	0,15 to 0,30		
34CrMo4	1.7220	0,30 to 0,37	≤ 0,40	0,60 to 0,90	0,035	0,035	0,90 to 1,20	0,15 to 0,30		
42CrMo4	1.7225	0,38 to 0,45	≥ 0,40	0,60 to 0,90	0,035	0,035	0,90 to 1,20	0,15 to 0,30	,	ı
50CrMo4	1.7228	0,46 to 0,54	≤ 0,40	0,50 to 0,80	0,035	0,035	0,90 to 1,20	0,15 to 0,30	-	
36CrNiMo4	1.6511	0,32 to 0,40	≤ 0,40	0,50 to 0,80	0,035	0,035	0,90 to 1,20	0,15 to 0,30	0,90 to 1,20	•
34CrNiMo6	1.6582	0,30 to 0,38	≤ 0,40	0,50 to 0,80	0,035	0,035	1,30 to 1,70	0,15 to 0,30	1,30 to 1,70	
30CrNiMo8	1.6580	0,26 to 0,34	≤ 0,40	0,30 to 0,60	0,035	0,035	1,80 to 2,20	0,30 to 0,50	1,80 to 2,20	
36NiCrMo16	1.6773	0,32 to 0,39	≤ 0,40	0,30 to 0,60	0,030	0,025	1,60 to 2,00	0,25 to 0,45	3,60 to 4,10	

Table 1: Steel grades and chemical composition (concluded)

Steel designation		С	Si	Mn	Ь	S	Cr	Mo	ï	>
					Max	Max				
Name	Number	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
51CrV4	1.8159	0,47 to 0,55	≤ 0,40	0,70 to 1,10	0,035	0,035	0,90 to 1,20		ı	0,10 to 0,25
33NiCrMoV14-5	1.6956	0,28 to 0,38	≤ 0,40	0,15 to 0,40	0,035	0,035	0,035 0,035 1,00 to 1,70 0,30 to 0,60	0,30 to 0,60	2,90 to 3,80	0,08 to 0,25
40CrMoV13-9	1.8523	0,35 to 0,45	0,15 to 0,40	0,40 to 0,70	0,035	0,035	0,40 to 0,70 0,035 0,035 3,00 to 3,50 0,80 to 1,10	0,80 to 1,10	•	0,15 to 0,25
18CrMo4	1.7243	0,15 to 0,21	≤ 0,40	0,60 to 0,90 0,035	0,035		0,035 0,90 to 1,20 0,15 to 0,25	0,15 to 0,25	,	
20MnMoNi4-5	1.6311	0,17 to 0,23	≤ 0,40	1,00 to 1,50	0,035	0,035	≤ 0,50	0,45 to 0,60	$0,40 \text{ to } 0,80^2)$	1
30CrMoV9	1.7707	0,26 to 0,34	≤ 0,40	0,40 to 0,70	0,035	0,035	0,035 2,30 to 2,70	0,15 to 0,25	≥ 0,60	0,10 to 0,20
32CrMo12	1.7361	0,28 to 0,35	≤ 0,40	0,40 to 0,70	0,035	0,035	0,40 to 0,70 0,035 0,035 2,80 to 3,30 0,30 to 0,50	0,30 to 0,50	≥ 0,60	ı
28NiCrMoV8-5	1.6932	0,24 to 0,32	≤ 0,40	0,15 to 0,40	0,035	0,035	0,15 to 0,40 0,035 0,035 1,00 to 1,50 0,35 to 0,55	0,35 to 0,55	1,80 to 2,10	0,05 to 0,15
1) 44.4				1	-	<u> </u>	-			-

purposes. Elements not quoted in Tables 1 and 2 shall not be added intentionally to the steel without the agreement of the purchaser, except for the purpose of finishing the heat. 1) At the option of the manufacturer the elements aluminium, titanium, vanadium and niobium may be added singly or in combination for grain control

 $^{^{2)}\,\}mathrm{For}$ greater cross-sections up to 1,00 % Ni is admissible.

Table 2: Permissible deviations between the product analysis and the limiting values given in Table 1 for the cast analysis

Element	Permissible maximum content in the cast analysis	Permissible deviation %
	%	, ,
Carbon	≤ 0,55	± 0,02
Silicon ¹⁾	≤ 0,40	+ 0,03
Manganese	≤ 1,00	± 0,04
	> 1,00 ≤ 1,50	$\pm 0,06$
Phosphorus	≤ 0,035	+ 0,005
Sulphur	≤ 0,045	+ 0,005
Chromium	≤ 2,00	± 0,05
	> 2,00 \le 3,50	± 0,12
Molybdenum	≤ 0,30	± 0,03
	> 0,30 \le 1,10	$\pm 0,06$
Nickel	≤ 2,00	± 0,05
	> 2,00 \le 4,10	$\pm 0,\!07$
Vanadium	≤ 0,25	± 0,02
¹⁾ For steel 40 Cr Mo V13 9,	the permissible deviation is ± 0.03	3 %

Table 3: Mechanical properties in the quenched and tempered condition

		ı		tr ¹⁾					,	22	17					
		KV min	J	(L						38	33					
	mm			tr ¹⁾			,		_	14	12					
	160 < t _R ≤ 330 mm	A min	%	Γ_{1}	,		,		-	18	16					
	160 < t	R _m min	N/mm ²			,		,		009	650					
		Re min	N/mm ²			,	,	,		380	410					
		·ii		tr1)	,			,		27	22					
		KV min		$\Gamma_{\rm f}$,	,	,	,	,	45	40					
	0 mm	.EI	%	tr.]	,		,	,	,	13	10					
tion t _R	$70 < t_{\rm R} \le 160 \text{ mm}$	A min		$l_{\widehat{\mathbf{J}}}$,	,	,	,		17	15					
ruling sec	70 < 1	R _m min	N/mm ²						-	650	700					
Thickness of ruling section t _R		Re min	N/mm ²		-		-		-	400	450					
	al)	KV min	ſ		35	35	40	35	35	50	45					
	longitudin	A min	%		17	15	15	14	14	15	14					
	≤ 70 mm t _R (longitudinal)	70 mm 1 _R (5 70 mm t _R (5 70 mm 1 _R (70 mm t _R (R _m min	N/mm^2		009	059	700	750	008	200	800	
	VI	Re min	N/mm ²		350	400	460	510	999	450	550	tr = transverse				
	gnation	Number			1.7003	1.7006	1.7033	1.7034	1.7035	1.7218	1.7220	l				
	Steel designation	Name			38Cr2	46Cr2	34Cr4	37Cr4	41Cr4	25CrMo4	34CrMo4	1) 1= longitudinal				

Table 3: Mechanical properties in the quenched and tempered condition (continued)

					Ι	hickn	ess of	Thickness of ruling section $t_{\rm R}$	ction t _R										
Steel designation	ation		<i>t</i> _R ≤ 160 mm	0 mm					$160 < t_R \le 330 \text{ mm}$	< 33	0 mm				$330 < t_R \le 660 \text{ mm}^2$	99 >	0 mm	ລ	
Name	Number	Re min	R _m min	A1	A min	KV	KV min	Re min	R _m min	A min	nin	KV	KV min	Re min	R _m min	A1	A min	KV	KV min
		N/mm ²	N/mm ²	J.	%		'n	N/mm ²	N/mm ²		%			N/mm^2	$\mathrm{N/mm}^2$	•`	%		J
				1 ₁₎	tr ₁₎	_C 1	tr ¹⁾			l ₁)	tr1)	11)	tr ¹⁾			I_{1}	tr ₁₎	ΩL	tr ¹⁾
42CrMo4	1.7225	200	750	4	10	30	16	460	700	15	Ξ	27	14	390	009	16	12	22	12
50CrMo4	1.7228	550	800	13	6	25	14	540	750	14	10	20	12	490	700	15	Ξ	15	10
36CrNiMo4	1.6511	550	750	14	10	45	22	200	700	15	==	45	22	450	059	16	12	40	20
34CrNiMo6	1.6582	009	800	13	6	45	22	540	750	14	10	45	22	490	700	15	=	40	20
30NiCrMo8	1.6580	700	006	12	∞	45	22	630	850	12	∞	45	22	969	800	12	∞	9	20
36NiCrMo16	1.6773	800	1 000	Ξ	∞	45	22	800	1 000	11	8	45	22	800	1 000	11	∞	45	22
51CrV4	1.8159	009	800	13	6	30	16				,		,						

1) 1 = longitudinal tr = transverse

²⁾ For steels 42 CrMo 4, 50 CrMo 4, 36 CrNiMo 4 these properties apply only to a $t_R \le 500$ mm

Table 3: Mechanical properties in the quenched and tempered condition (concluded)

					Th	ickne	ss of r	Thickness of ruling section $t_{\rm R}$	tion $t_{ m R}$										
Steel designation	ation		$t_{\rm R} \le 160 \rm mm$	mm					$160 < t_{\rm R} \le 330 \rm mm$	≥ 33	0 mm				$330 < t_R \le 660 \text{ mm}^2$	99 ≥	0 mm	2)	
Name	Number	R _e min	R _m min	A I	A min	KV min	nin	Re min	R _m min	Ar	A min	KV min	nin	Re min	R _m min	A1	A min	KV min	min
		N/mm ²	N/mm ²	0`	%	ſ		N/mm ²	N/mm ²	0	%	_		N/mm ²	N/mm ²	%			J
				l_{1}	tr1)	1 ¹⁾	tr ¹⁾			1 ₁₎	tr1)	1 ₁)	$\mathbf{tr}^{1)}$			l_{1}	tt.	Ω	tr ¹⁾
33NiCrMoV14-5	1.6956	086	1100	10	7	28	17	820	1000	12	∞	48	27	780	950	12	∞	48	27
40CrMoV13-9	1.8523	099	850	15	15	35	35	099	850	15	15	35	35	099	850	15	15	35	35
		720	006	15	15	32	32	720	006	15	15	32	32	720	006	15	15	32	32
		780	950	14	14	30	30	780	950	14	14	30	30	780	950	14	14	30	30
		840	1 000	12	12	25	25	840	1 000	12	12	25	25		,				,
		068	1 050	Ξ	Π	22	22	,	,				,		,				,
		940	1 100	11	11	20	20		,				,		,				,
18CrMo4	1.7243	275 (Rp 0.2)	485-660	20	20	50	50		,		,	,	,		,				,
20MnMoNi4-5	1.6311	420	580	17	14	39	24	390	550	17	14	39	24						,
30CrMoV9	1.7707	700	006	12	∞	35	20	590	800	14	10	35	20						
32CrMo12	1.7361	089	006	12	∞	35	20	630	850	13	6	35	20	490	700	15	Ξ	35	20
28NiCrMoV8-5	1.6932	630	800	14	10	45	25	590	750	15	11	40	21	290	750	15	Ξ	40	21
1) 1 = 1 = 1 = 1																			Γ

^{1) 1 =} longitudinal tr = transverse

²⁾ For steels 42 CrMo 4, 50 CrMo 4, 36 CrNiMo 4 these properties apply only to a $t_R \le 500$ mm

Annex A (informative)

Heat treatment

Heat treatment details are given in Table A.1

Table A.1: Heat treatment conditions

Steel design	ation	Quenching temperature ¹⁾	Tempering temperature
Name	Number	°C	°C
38Cr2	1.7003	830 to 870	540 to 680
34Cr4	1.7033	830 to 870	540 to 680
34CrMo4	1.7220	830 to 870	540 to 680
46Cr2	1.7006	820 to 860	540 to 680
37Cr4	1.7034	825 to 865	540 to 680
42CrMo4	1.7225	820 to 860	540 to 680
50CrMo4	1.7228	820 to 860	540 to 680
41Cr4	1.7035	820 to 860	540 to 680
25CrMo4	1.7218	840 to 880	540 to 680
36CrNiMo4	1.6511	820 to 850	540 to 680
34CrNiMo6	1.6582	830 to 860	540 to 680
30CrNiMo8	1.6580	830 to 860	540 to 680
36NiCrMo16	1.6773	865 to 885	550 to 650
51CrV4	1.8159	820 to 860	540 to 680
33NiCrMoV14-5	1.6956	820 to 890	550 to 650
40CrMoV13-9	1.8523	920 to 970	550 to 720
18CrMo4	1.7243	850 to 880	595 to 700
20MnMoNi4-5	1.6311	870 to 940	630 to 680
30CrMoV9	1.7707	840 to 870	540 to 680
32CrMo12	1.7361	890 to 940	550 to 740
28NiCrMoV8-5	1.6932	830 to 870	550 to 850

Quenching from hardening may be carried out in oil, water, or water based solutions. Caution should be observed in the use of water as a quenching medium to avoid the risk of cracking the forgings.

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